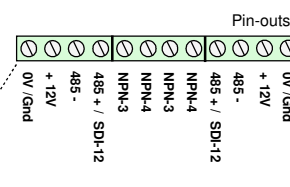




Model No. VibWire-108-modbus



Terminal Port  
Cover



## Overview

Model VibWire-108-Modbus

The VibWire-108-Modbus is a rugged, versatile, general purpose vibrating wire sensor interface for connection directly to SCADA applications and data recorders across a RS-485 network using the industry standard Modbus protocol. The VibWire-108 range of devices gives third party systems the ability to use vibrating wire sensors even if the original hardware is not designed to do so.

## Sensor Excitation - Auto Resonance

All of the VibWire-108 range of interfaces utilises an auto-resonance sensor excitation and measurement technique for activating the vibrating wire sensors and taking a reading. This technique has the advantage over pluck systems in that no prior User knowledge of the vibrating wire sensor is required. Auto-resonance sensor excitation minimises the strain on the sensor coil as it always acts to maximise the output signal from the sensor, and does this without wasting energy on out of band excitation frequencies.

## Terminal Port - Configuration

A terminal port menu system is be used to configure this device. The User can configure the instrument to send measurement values in Hz, Digits or SI units. No programming is required to configure this instrument.

## Features

- 8 x 4 Vibrating wire sensor inputs
- Resolves the VW signal to less than 0.01 Hz (industry standard 0.1 Hz)
- Gas discharge tube sensor protection
- Real-time frequency display - 5 digit
- Audible output
- Auto-resonance VW excitation
- Modbus RS-485 network support
- Automatic VW sensor configuration
- Digital communications to remove noise sources and errors.
- Simplified configuration and data logger support.
- Industry standard protocol - supported by SCADA systems
- Output - Frequency, Digits, SI Units, Temp Deg C
- Steinhart-Hart thermistor linearisation support
- Options 2 Independent thermistor configuration
- Integrated polynomial linearisation - quadratic Support direct from VW sensor calibration data sheet.

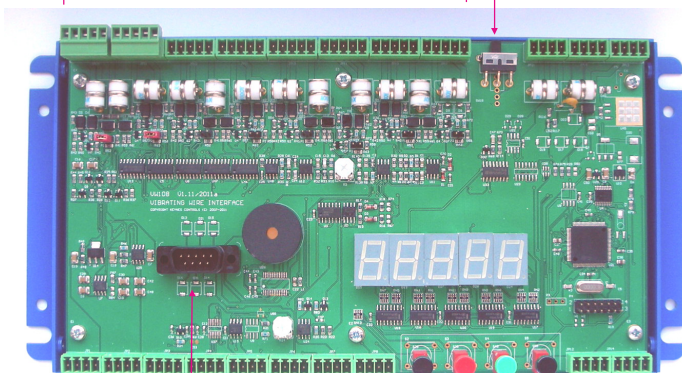
## Specifications

Description		
Frequency display	5-segment display	Resolution 0.1 Hz
Vibrating wire inputs	8 x 4 wire inputs	
Scan time	2 - 24 Secs	1 to 8 channels depending on sensor operation.
Line resistance	up to 2K ohms	
8 Analogue Inputs	0 - 2.5V DC 3.3K / 10 K $\Omega$	0- 2.5V DC thermistor
Lightning protection	Gas discharge tube	
VW excitation range	400 - 6 K Hz	
VW excitation mode	auto-resonance	
Operating voltage	9 - 18V DC	
Ceramic loudspeaker	VW sensor	selector switch
Power Consumption		
Scanning mode	20 mA Typical	Duration 24 Seconds - 3 Sec /chan
Display mode	60 mA	continuous
Modbus RS-485	2.2 mA	Continuous while waiting for commands
Slave ID	1	Max nodes on a 485 network
Software		
VW sensor linearisation	Quadratic	$Y = A + BF + DF^2$
Temperature sensor linearisation	Steinhart-Hart	User-selectable via terminal port



VW sensor Inputs

Speaker Selection Switch

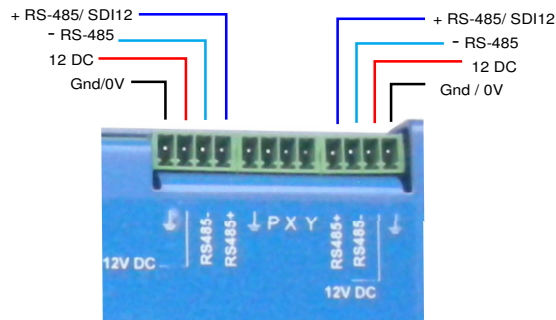


Terminal Port

## Part Numbers:

VW-108-Modbus  
USB-485

VibWire-108 with RS485 Digital Port  
USB to RS-485 media converter



RS-485 Network Connection

The VibWire-108 interfaces supports the full 4 wire gauge input and can use any in-built thermistor temperature sensor.

All of the vibrating wire sensor interfaces and digital network port are protected by gas discharge tube in order to prevent damage by local lightning strikes.

## Measurement Data:

Number of channels  
VW sensor coil resistance  
Distance of VW sensor to interface  
Frequency range

8 x 4-wire VW inputs - user-selectable  
to 2K Ohm (standard) - other ranges on request  
0 .. 10 Km depending on cabling.  
400 - 6 KHz (standard) - other ranges on request

Frequency resolution accuracy  
Long-term stability  
Temperature range  
Temperature resolution  
Temperature accuracy  
Thermistor measurement

32-bit resolution 0.001 Hz  
 $\pm 0.05\%$  FS max. (Per year)  
- 50 to 70 degC  
0.1 °C +/- 0.2 deg thermistor 10 K Ohm standard 3.3 K Ohm on request  
 $\pm 0.2\text{ °C} / 0.2\text{ °F}$  RS-485 version only  
A half-bridge ratio-metric measurement . Value returned in mV.  
Is used for temperature compensation on VW measurements.

Thermistor excitation  
Input resistance

2.5V DC 50 ppm /degC  
10K Ohm 0.1 % completion resistor (Standard)  
3.3K Ohm on request

Units  
Display only - resolution

Freq (Hz) temperature (mV)  
5 digit - 0.1 Hz

## Electrical Data:

Voltage supply  
Current compensation RS-485 option only:

**RS-485** 10.5 to 16V DC  
Typical values are @ 12V DC excitation

idle mode  
active / measurement

2.2 mA  
10 mA data transmission  
60 mA including frequency display

These values may change slightly between sensors. Use figures as a guide only.

Measuring time:  
warm up  
response  
Length of data lines RS-485  
RS-485 address mode

500 ms  
3 seconds per channel depending on the VW sensor being used (Typical)  
0 .. 1000 m  
Supports enhanced addressing 0 .. 9 A .. Z

## General Data:

Dimensions (mm)  
Material  
Operating Temperature  
Data Types  
Digital port  
CE conformity  
Weight  
Digital communications  
Terminal port  
RS485 port - Modbus

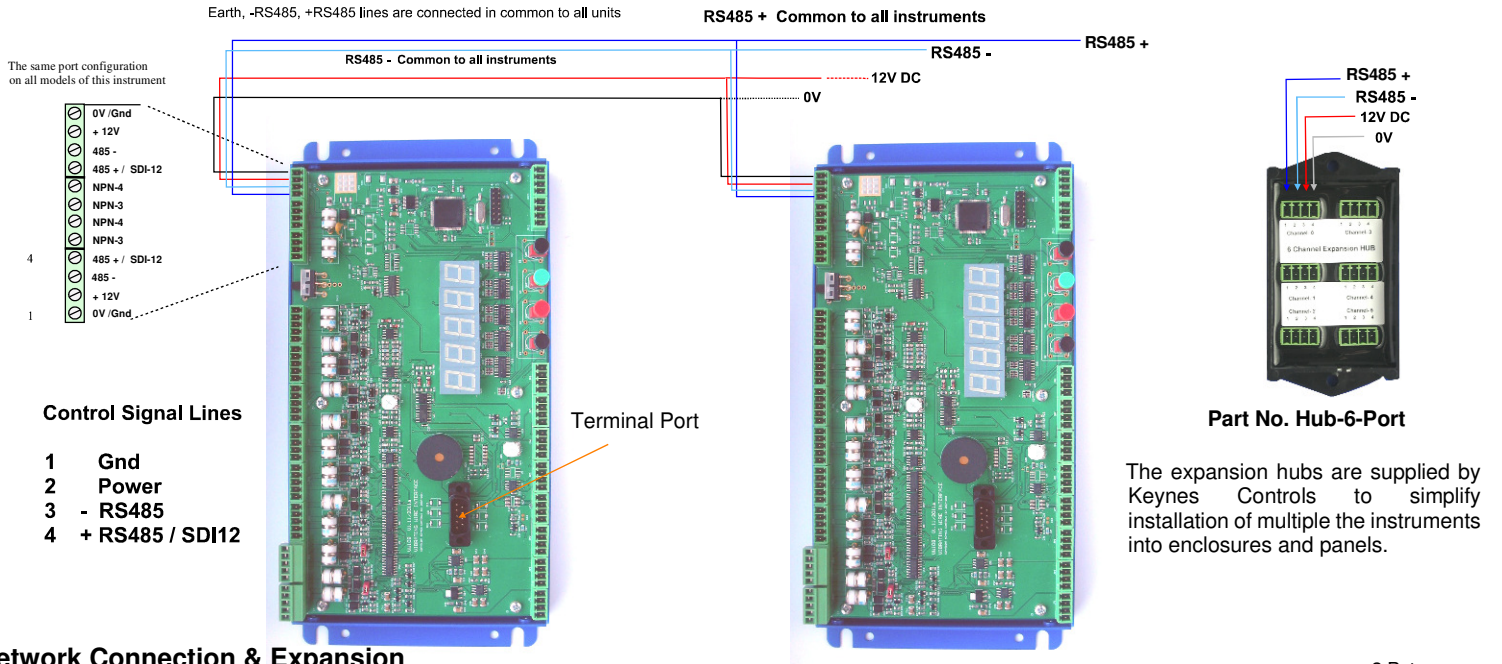
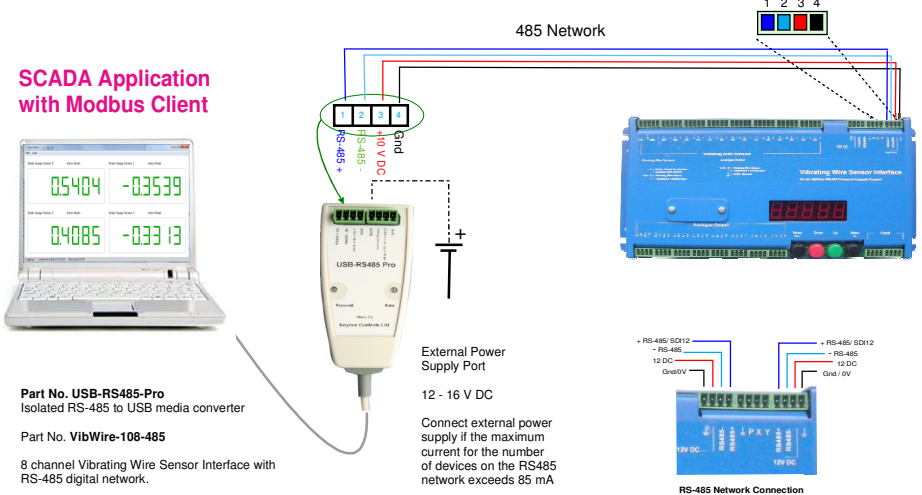
L = 260 W = 127 D = 38  
Powder - coated aluminium  
-20 to + 65 Deg C  
RS-485, 9600 Baud, 8-bit, 1 stop bit, even parity - other speeds on request  
CE conformity according to EN 61000-6  
500 g  
9-way male - 9600 Baud 8 data, no parity, N stop  
9600 baud, 1 start bit, 8 data, even parity bit, 1 stop

Network Connection & Expansion

The image opposite shows how the VibWire-108-Modbus interface is connected to the USB-485-Pro isolated media converter.

The USB-485-Pro is the simplest device to be can be used with this product as it not only converts the 485 network to USB for reading on a PC/Laptop, but also can power up-to 2 devices directly from the USB port.

Any SCADA system running a Modbus Client can talk to the devices are



Network Connection & Expansion

The Modbus operations are transparent over the 485 network.

The USB-485-Pro media converter is shown in the diagram above, however any other similar device can be used.

The VibWire-108-Modbus instrument operates as a master /slave system where the SCADA system or data recorder is the master and the instrument acts as the slave. The device scans the input channels once powered and updates the data registers after completing any new measurements.

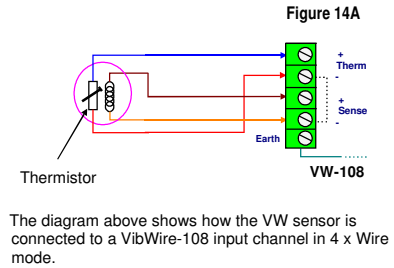
The number of channels scanned, and so the time taken to make a complete scan is set directly into the instrument via the push buttons or using the terminal port.

Like all other Modbus products use a series of registers to hold measurement data. These registers are updated are after each scan and data is sent to the Master on receipt of the

The registers are updated are after each scan and data is sent to the Master on receipt of the **FC=04 command**.

Address Offset	Parameter	Description	Address Offset	Parameter	Description
0	Chan-0 Freq	High Order word	16	Chan-0 Temp	High Order word
1		Low order word	17		Low order word
2	Chan-1 Freq	High Order word	18	Chan-1 Temp	High Order word
3		Low order word	19		Low order word
4	Chan-2 Freq	High Order word	20	Chan-2 Temp	High Order word
5		Low order word	21		Low order word
6	Chan-3 Freq	High Order word	22	Chan-3 Temp	High Order word
7		Low order word	23		Low order word
8	Chan-4 Freq	High Order word	24	Chan-4 Temp	High Order word
9		Low order word	25		Low order word
10	Chan-5 Freq	High Order word	26	Chan-5 Temp	High Order word
11		Low order word	27		Low order word
12	Chan-6 Freq	High Order word	28	Chan-6 Temp	High Order word
13		Low order word	29		Low order word
14	Chan-7 Freq	High Order word	30	Chan-7 Temp	High Order word
15		Low order word	31		Low order word

Sensor Connection Circuit



The tables below show how the registers holding the VibWire-108 data is stored.

## Response:

03 04 04 000A F8F4

03: The slave address (03 = 03 hex)

04: The function code (read analogue input registers)

02: The number of data bytes to follow (2 registers, 32-bit floating-point)

0000: The contents of register 30001, first frequency output

F8F4: The CRC (cyclic redundancy check - this will vary)

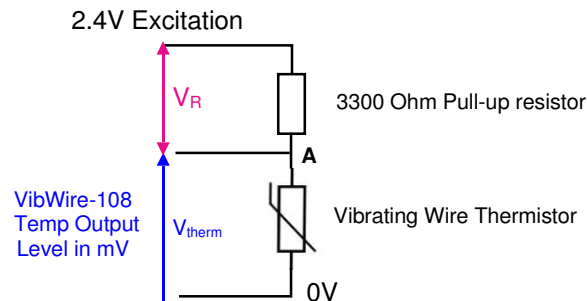
## Temperature Value Conversion to Engineering Units

The following section details how the instrument determines thermistor resistance values for a vibrating wire thermistor connected to the temperature input of the device.

The current version of the instrument firmware only stores 2 different temperature sensor configuration options.

Refer to the '**User Manual**' for setting up the thermistor inputs,

The circuit below shows the VibWire-108 temperature input with pull-up resistor completion



The VibWire-108-mobus uses 2.4 V excitation for the sensor thermistor.

$V_{\text{therm}}$  = Voltage across thermistor

$V_R$  = Voltage across pull up resistor

Example. A VibWire-108 provides an output temperature value of 1086 mV then

$$I_{\text{therm}} = (2.4 - V_{\text{therm}}) / 3300 \quad \text{where } 3300 = \text{pull-up resistor value}$$

therefore

$$I_{\text{therm}} = (\text{Excitation volt} - V_{\text{therm}}) / 3300_{(\text{Pull-up Resistor})} = (2.4 - 1.086) / 3300 = 1.414 / 3300 = 0.398 \text{ mA}$$

using Ohms Law

Note 1086 mV = 1.086 Volts

The Resistance of the Thermistor is calculated

$$R_{\text{therm}} = V_{\text{therm}} / I_{\text{therm}} = 1.086 / 0.000398 = 2727.4 \text{ Ohm}$$

Now 2727.4 ohms is the resistance of the thermistor at the at temp (T)

## Temperature Conversion

The thermistor resistance value is converted to temperature using the Steinhart-Hart Equation.

$$T = \frac{1}{C_1 + C_2 \cdot \ln R_{\text{therm}} + C_3 (\ln R_{\text{therm}})^3} \quad \text{where } T = \text{absolute temperature in Kelvin} \quad R_{\text{therm}} \text{ in Ohms.}$$

Conversion to Deg C is

$$T(C) = \frac{1}{C_1 + C_2 \cdot \ln R_{\text{therm}} + C_3 (\ln R_{\text{therm}})^3} - 273.15$$

The sensor data sheet will show for the thermistor a calibration equation similar to that below. The values for the parameter  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ , &  $C_3$  will be listed.

$$(1/T) = C_1 + C_2 \cdot \ln(R_{\text{therm}}) + C_3 \cdot \ln(R_{\text{therm}})^3 - 273.15$$



Example

In Vibrating Wire sensors is the 44005RC Precision Epoxy NTC Thermistor is commonly used for temperature monitoring applications.

The data sheet for this product can be downloaded at

<http://www.aquabat.net/downloads/1350009-2.pdf> – The thermistor data sheet is valid to 11/12/2013  
refer to the manufactures data sheet for the latest information.

An example Excel spreadsheet that demonstrates the temperature calculations can be downloaded at

<http://www.aquabat.net/downloads/ThermistorWorksheet.xls>

Example

The VibWire-108 is can be set to give ratiometric or mV temperature values from the built in thermistor of a vibrating wire sensor. depending upon the sensor configuration. Ratiometric values are calculated between the 3300 Ohm pull up resistor and thermistor resistance and is value between 0 – 1. The Vibwire-101 has returned a value of 0.663 from the thermistor.

In the spreadsheet below the VW-108 gives a temperature value (Ratiometric) of 0.663. The constants A, B and C are from the calibration data sheet. The spreadsheet below shows the temperature to be 7 Deg C,

[ThermistorWorksheet.xls](#) [Screen image](#)

Calculation of temperature based on voltage ratio

Voltage ratio	0.663	Input
Excitation (Ohm)	3300	Fixed
Thermistor resistance	6905	Calculated
Thermistor R0	3000	Thermistor property
A	1.41E-03	Thermistor property
B	2.37E-04	Thermistor property
C	1.02E-07	Thermistor property
Inv Temperature	3.57E-03	
Temperature (Celsius)	7.0	Calculated value

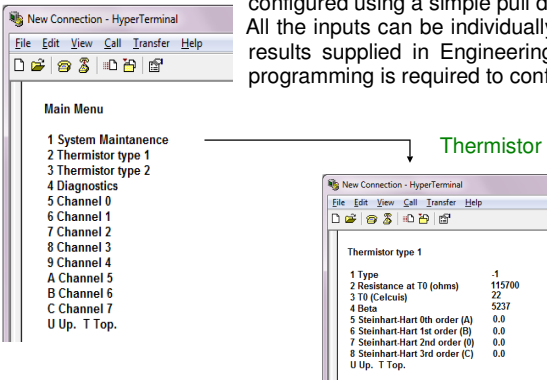
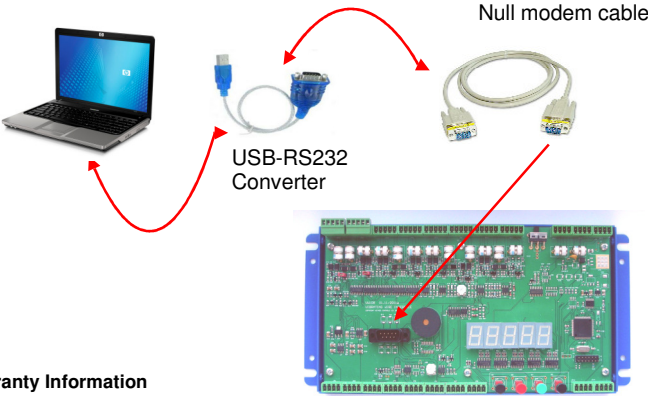
Steinhart-Hart Calibration Parameters obtained from calibration data sheet.

Temperature value

Terminal Port Menu System

The terminal port menu system enables the the VibWire-108 to be fully configured using a simple pull down menu system. All the inputs can be individually setup and the results supplied in Engineering SI units. No programming is required to configure this device.

Terminal Port Connection



Warranty Information

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**Dimensions of the VibWire-108 Back Mounting Panel**

The image below shows the dimensions of the back mounting panel for the VibWire-108 range of vibrating wire sensor interfaces.

